



THEATRE-ROYAL.

On SATURDAY, JANUARY 22. 1785.

Will be presented,

A PLAY AND FARCE,

As will be expressed in to-morrow's bills.

And on MONDAY next,

By desire of the Right Honourable and most Worshipful

LORD HADDON,

GRAND MASTER

Of the Antient and Honourable Fraternity of

FREE MASON'S,

Will be presented,

A PLAY AND FARCE,

WITH MASON'S SONGS,

As will be expressed in the bills of the day.

Tickets to be had, and Places for the Boxes taken, at the office of the

Theatre.

Edinburgh Friendly Insurance Office,

NEW STAIRS, PARLIAMENT CLOSE.

THE Annual General Meeting of the Proprietors of the Edinburgh

Friendly Insurance against Losses by Fire, is to be held in

Mary's Chapel, on Monday the 24th day of January instant, at twelve

o'clock noon, when it is hoped the Members will attend.

DUNFERMLINE, JAN. 13. 1785.

THE Copartnership of CRAWFORD and ECK-

FORD, Merchants, being dissolved by the death of Mrs Crawford,

and as it becomes necessary to have the Company's affairs settled as soon

as possible, it is therefore requested of all those who are indebted to said

Company, to pay their bills and accounts to John Eckford, the surviving

partner, who has full powers for that effect, as well as for what may be

due to Mrs Crawford on her own account, from George Crawford, Esq;

her heir.

John Eckford informs his friends and the public, That he now carries

on business for himself, in the same shop, Maygate, and hopes for a con-

tinuance of their kind favours; nothing shall be wanting in his power, to

merit the favour of those who are so good as to deal with him, as he in-

tends selling on the most moderate terms. Among many other articles,

he continues to sell Broad and Narrow Cloth and Furniture, Corduroys,

Velvet, Velveteen, Denims, Fustians, Mancoes, Durants, Cotton Duffries,

Sattins, Modes, Purfians, Callicoes, Burying Flannels, Hats, Wines, Spi-

rits, Tea, Garden and Grass Seeds, and a variety of Grocery, and other

goods.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH.

The ENDEAVOUR,

DAVID BOYD Master,

Is loading at Hawley's Wharf, and will sail

Saturday 30th January, to be depended on, wea-

ther permitting.

N. B. Good accommodation for passengers.

FOR CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA,

The Ship NORTH CAROLINA,

NEIL McNEILL Master;

For Wilmington, NORTH CAROLINA,

The Brigantine PITT,

Will be clear to receive goods on board at

Greenock by the 10th, and to sail about the

25th proximo. They sail well, and have good

accommodation for passengers.

Apply to Mr Robertson, Merchant Bank, Glasgow, or Flemings,

McAulter and Company, Greenock.

GREENOCK, December 8. 1784.

FIRST SHIP FOR NEW-YORK

THE NANCY,

CAPTAIN STEVENSON;

Is now loading at Greenock, for New-York,

will positively be clear to fall about the 20th

January, full or not full, as a considerable part

of the cargo is engaged on these terms.

The Nancy sails fast, and has excellent ac-

commodation for cabin and steerage passengers.

Apply to Johnston, Willsons and Company,

Greenock, or Messrs. Ramsay, Williamson, and

Co. Leith. Greenock, 29th December 1784.

FOR PHILADELPHIA,

THE SHIP ALEXANDER,

ALEXANDER RITCHIE Master,

Now lying at Greenock, ready to receive goods

on board, and will sail about the 21st of Fe-

bruary next.

N. B. This ship is an exceeding good vessel

double decked, built of live oak and cedar, sail,

remarkably fast, and has excellent accommo-

dation for passengers.

For freight or passage apply to William Donald merchant in Glasgow

or John Stewart merchant in Greenock.

Greenock, December 22. 1784.

FOR GRANADA,

THE FORTUNE, ARCHIBALD BOOGG

Master, now taking in goods at Greenock, and

will be clear to sail by the 25th instant.

FOR GRANADA, TO CALL AT TOBAGO,

THE UNION, Duncan McNaught Master,

Now ready to take in goods at Greenock, and

will be clear to sail by the 20th February.

FOR ST KITTS, THE FORTITUDE,

James Leitch Master, now taking goods on

board at Greenock, and will be clear to sail by

the 1st of March.

For freight or passage by the above vessels, apply to Alexander Hous-

toun, and Co. in Glasgow, or Malcolm, Ritchie, and Leitch, in Green-

ock.

FOR SALE AT LEITH,

THE Brigantine JENNY and

MATTY, one year old, 290 tons bur-

den, completely well found in all her materials,

has a spare cable never yet wet; sails remarka-

bly fast; shifts light; and is fit for the coal,

coasting, or Baltic trades, or any other trade

where dispatch and an easy draught of water is

required.

Apply to Mess. John Thomson and Compa-

ny, merchants, Leith.

This day is published, &c. ELLIOT,

In 5 vols. 22mo. Price 10s. 6d.

TALES OF THE CASTLE, or Stories of In-

struction and Delight. Translated from the French of Madame

la Comtesse De Genlis, by Thomas Holcroft.

Of C. ELLIOT may be had just published.

I. Mad. Genlis' Theatre of Education, complete in 3 vols. 22mo. Price

only 7s. 6d. boards.

II. The same in French, 4 vols. 22mo. 10s. boards.

III. Adelaide and Theodor, or Letters on Education, by the same author,

3 vols. Price 9s. sewed.

FOREIGN CHINA.

To the Nobility, Gentry, &c.

JUST arrived from London, the most elegant and largest assortment of

FOREIGN CHINA that has ever been exposed to sale in this city,

being the finest patterns sold at the last India fair, which will be sold by

auction, by THOMAS FIDLER, from London, on Wednesday the 19th

instant, and the seven following days, in the Free Mason's Lodge, St

Mary's Chapel, Niddry's Wynd.

The sale to begin each day at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and

three in the afternoon.

Among the above Assortment are the following Articles, viz.

Services of Blue and White Dishes

and Plates.

Fine Coloured dishes.

Tureens and Dishes.

Soup Dishes and Plates.

Sallad and Baking Dishes.

Desert, Water Plates, &c.

Great variety of complete Tea Sets,

of the best Nankeen, Blue, and

sets of rich coloured ditto.

Bowls and Basins.

Cups and Saucers.

Several Elegant Desert Sets of ENGLISH PORCELAIN, MAZA-

RINE BLUE, painted with Flowers, &c. and heightened with burnished

Gold.

A curious Assortment of CUT GLASS, some fine Persia Pattern

CARPETS, several complete Table and Tea Sets, will be put up each day.

This valuable collection of Goods, (which must all be sold in a few

days) is worth the attention of the Nobility.

A fine INDIA CABINET and TABLE.

The Goods may be viewed each day before the sale.

Likewise, a valuable assortment of INDIA MUSLINS.

N. B. The Sale will continue by candle light.

A constant fire in the room.

HOUSE, GARDEN, &c. TO BE LET.

TO BE LET, and entered to at Whitunday next, The Mansion

House, Garden, and Orchard of LUFFNESS, with a Park of old

Grass, containing between five and six acres, at the yearly rent of 20 l.

Sterling. Luffness is situated on the seafide, fifteen measured miles east

from Edinburgh, and five north from Haddington.

For further particulars, apply to Mr Alexander Duncan writer to the

fixnet.

EARM IN ROXBURGH-SHIRE TO LET.

TO BE LET, and entered to at Whitunday 1785, either in one or

two Farms, the FARM of EASTER RIDDELL, belonging to

Sir John Riddell of Riddell, Baronet, presently possessed by Gavin Amos,

tenant thereof; lying in the parish of Lilliesleaf, and heriots of Rox-

burgh, for such a number of years as shall be agreed on. This Farm con-

sists of about five hundred acres of land mostly arable.

Proposals to be given in to James Kew writer, Prince's Street, Edin-

burgh; and those not accepted of shall be kept secret.

SALE OF SUBJECTS IN LEITH

THE following Subjects lying on the Shore of Leith, are to be SOLD

by public roup, within the Ship Coffeehouse there, on Friday the

28th January 1785, betwixt five and six afternoon, in three lots.

LOT I. That Elegant LODGING all within itself, consisting of 11

fire rooms, besides kitchen, garret, and conveniences, presently possessed

by Captain David Ross, and Mr Matheson, with the plot or area behind

the house to the pailing, and well in the said area. As also the large

Cellar and Loft adjoining, fronting the fishmarket close.

LOT II. The SHOP and HOUSE on the shore, immediately below

the forecald lodging, possessed by Mr John Laidlaw, with the privilege

of the well in the back area.

LOT III. The SHOP and HOUSE adjoining to the former, possessed

by Mr Charles Philip, with the use also of the said well.

LOT IV. The TENEMENT fronting the Rottenrow, consisting of

two floors in the ground story, and the loft and garret above, with the

cooperage at the back thereof, possessed by Mr James Anderson, and o-

thers.

The conditions of roup, and progress of writs, to be seen in the hands

of Alexander Neilson, Solicitor at law, Leith, to whom any person in-

clining to make a private bargain may apply.

SALE OF A HOUSE IN JAMES'S COURT.

To be SOLD by private bargain,

THAT DWELLING HOUSE or LODGING in James's Court, E-

dinburgh, being the first storey below the level of the court, east

entry, and on the east side of the stair-case, consisting of a very pleasant new

painted dining room and drawing room, having a fine prospect to the

north, a bed room lighted to the east, two bed rooms lighted to the court,

a kitchen, servants room, and cellar, as presently possessed by Mr Alexan-

der Stevenson.

For particulars apply to John Haldane writer, Dickson's Close.

For the certain Effect of Mr HAYMAN'S MARETANT'S DROPS,

(late Surgeon Norton's, to whom he was seven years chief Assis-

tant), see the following recent Certificate of a Gentleman, whose cre-

dibility is alone sufficient to repel all that Envy can suggest to his

prejudice.

To the PUBLIC.

I HEREBY certify, that my self was many years interrupted by an

ichorous scorbutic humour in the blood, which at length settled in

my arms, hands, and fingers, the discharge from which was extremely

corrosive and profuse. I several seasons tried the salt water at Scarbo-

rough, without the least relief; nor were the prescriptions of my phy-

sician more efficacious, till he himself advised me to the use of Mr Hay-

man's Maretant's Drops, which, by three months performance, made

me perfectly whole. Having now enjoyed a comfortable state of health

near two years, the time since I discontinued this medicine, I cannot, in

humanity to the afflicted, withhold its publication.

Tallow Chandlers Hall, London, 2 WILLIAM COGAN.

Sept. 20, 1784.

N. B. Mr Hayman's house is in Queen's Street, Golden-square, where

he may be consulted gratis, and where these drops, wrapped in direc-

tions signed by himself, are sold at 5s. 5d. per bottle, duty included; or

they may be had at the following places, viz.

Mess. HUSBAND, ELDER, and CO. (where many certificates of

cures may be referred to), continue SOLE Agents for vending these

esteemed drops in Edinburgh.

They may also be had of Mr Angus McDonald jeweller, Glasgow;

Mr A. Whyte druggist, Dumfries; Mr Garden druggist, Aberdeen;

Mr Phorion, Berwick; Mr Jollie, Carlisle; Miss Furnas, Wigton;

Mr Graham, Alnwick; and of Mr Humble or Mr Hodgson, New-

castle.

A NEW MAGAZINE.

On the 1st of February will be published,

NUMBER FIRST—(Price ONE SHILLING)—

OF THE

EDINBURGH MAGAZINE;

OR,

MONTHLY MISCELLANY,

OF KNOWLEDGE AND AMUSEMENT:

Containing whatever is most valuable or entertaining in the ENGLISH

and FOREIGN PERIODICAL PUBLICATIONS; with a variety of

ORIGINAL PIECES.

Printed for, and sold by J. SASSARD, Parliament Square; by whom com-

munications will be received with gratitude, and immediately transmitted

to the Editor.

The nature of this publication is sufficiently pointed out by its title.

To such as are in use to look into the London Magazines with any atten-

tion, a judicious selection from them must appear a thing desirable. The

Literary Miscellanies published monthly in France, and other parts of

the Continent, with which the publisher of the Edinburgh Magazine

shall take care to be regularly provided, will afford likewise an ample

supply of valuable and interesting materials. From these two sources cer-

tainly might be drawn what would be sufficient to form one VALUABLE

REPOSITORY, independent altogether of original pieces. But even of

them, in a city and country famed for learning and taste, the publisher

has no reason to apprehend any sterility. Indeed he has been

instructed with the correspondence of some most respectable literary cha-

racters, and with very obliging offers of assistance from several others,

whose names, were he at liberty to mention them, would at once stamp

authority upon this publication.

It is proposed not to give any high finished Engravings, of such kind

as "interesting scenes," as are entitled, A Sentimental Tete a Tete, or the

Unfortunate Discovery, or the Cruel Separation: Nor any of those strik-

ing likenesses by eminent Artists, that to day serve to represent the Prince

of Wales, and to-morrow Signior Lanzard. He hopes, that in the opin-

ion of very few, will the merit of a Magazine be estimated by such

pastry embellishments.

It is necessary to take notice of another variation.—As nobody thinks

of looking into a monthly publication for what is commonly called news,

the historical part will be given only once every six months, and will

form a large appendix to each volume. It will contain a connected view

of national affairs, together with a register of events more complete, and

at the same time more authentic, than is possibly could have been if pu-

blished monthly.

Such is the plan which the publisher means to pursue—Its merit, and

that of its execution, he humbly submits to the tribunal of the public,

according to whose decision his undertaking must fall or flourish.

TO BE SOLD

THAT Lodging or Dwelling-house presently

possessed by Mrs Moncrieff of Culgarie, being the third and up-

permost stories of Archibald's Land, Buccleugh Street, consisting of a

dining-room, drawing-room, bed-room, two large bed closets, and good

kitchen below, and three bed-rooms, store-room, and dark lumber-room

above stairs. The house is agreeably situated, with an extensive view, is

in neat repair, and may be seen every day betwixt the hours of twelve and

two o'clock afternoon.

For further particulars apply to James Spence

St James's, January 12.

THIS day their Majesties came from Windsor to the Queen's Palace, to reside during the winter. Their Royal Highnesses the Princes and Princesses are also removed from Windsor and Kew to their respective residences in town for the winter season.

St James's, January 12.

The King has been pleased to appoint Ralph Woodford, Esq; late his Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary to the court of Denmark, to be his Majesty's Commissary to treat with the Commissary of the Catholic King concerning new arrangements of commerce, pursuant to the Definitive Treaty of peace and friendship, concluded between the two crowns at Versailles, the 2d of September, 1783.

Caserta, December 14. On Thursday last Count Scabrouski, the new Minister Plenipotentiary from the court of Russia, had a private audience of his Sicilian Majesty to present his credential letters.

The lava continues to run gently from an opening near the Crater of Mount Vesuvius, without descending low enough to do any damage to the fertile and cultivated country at the foot of the mountain.

Vienna, Jan. 1. The Nobility of both sexes, and the foreign Ministers, had the honour of paying their Court this morning to the Emperor, who afterwards dined in public.

Paris, Jan. 4. Letters from Briançon mention, that a shock of an earthquake was felt there the 9th ult. at ten minutes after nine o'clock in the morning. The concussion was pretty strong, but of short duration, attended with a rumbling noise which resembled the report of cannon. There was no perceptible vibration; but, during several nights previous to the shock, fiery vapours were observed to issue from the earth in various parts near the coal mines.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, Jan. 14.

The Aurora, Dixon, from Liverpool to London, with coals, stuck on some sunken rocks near the Scilly Islands, was got off into St Helen's Gap, where she sunk; it is hoped part of the materials and cargo will be saved.

The Venturoso, Francis de Pinaga, from Bilbao to Ostend, is stranded at Newport; the cargo saved.

On the 20th Dec. last, Captain Harding, of the Harbour Grace, who is since arrived at Bristol from Newfoundland, spoke the Clarendon, Captain Finn, from Jamaica for Liverpool, in lat. 50. 24. N. long. 18. 37. W. all well, out forty-three days.

Captain Morfe, of the Bristol packet, arrived at Bristol from Newfoundland, spoke the Unicorn, Captain Deane, from Baltimore, on the 3d instant, lat. 49. 34. long. 12. 58. out 34 days, all well.

The Woolfsart, Block, of Stettin, from Lisbon for Amsterdam, was stranded on the night of the 8th inst. on the fourth side of the Isle of Wight.

The Pennsylvania Packet, All, from London for Philadelphia, was totally lost the 9th of November, in lat. 34. 37. long. 67. 15. the Captain and crew were carried into Bermuda.

The Grange, Roberts, arrived at Liverpool from Philadelphia, saw the Raison going into the Chesapeake.

Searborough, 11. Advice is received here, that the Friendship, Smelt, of this place, from Memel, for London, was drove on shore near Mau-dal, in Norway, the 7th ult. but got off with much damage, and put into Clove to refit, having lost her masts, &c. the crew saved.

The Maria, Bell, arrived at Coves from Quebec, spoke the Peggy, Cotter, of Liverpool, from Jamaica, in lat. 50. long. 23. on the 18th ult. all well, out ten weeks.

The Fortune, Brown, from Oporto to Aberdeen, is brought into Harwich by a Custom-house cutter, on her broadside, and without any body on board.

From the London Papers, Jan. 15.

Leghorn, Dec. 22. By letters from France we are informed, that a squadron has sailed from the port of Algier, consisting of nine xebèques, two barks, and six half galleys, to undertake.

L O N D O N.

This morning some dispatches were received from Philadelphia, which were brought over in the Grange, Captain Roberts, arrived at Liverpool.

This morning arrived a mail from Jamaica, which was brought over in the Grantham packet-boat, Captain James Bull, after a passage of eight weeks, to Falmouth.

The latest letters from Brussels were dated Saturday the 8th instant, at which time the Emperor had not arrived in that city; four travelling carriages came in the preceding evening with baggage en militaire, belonging to the Imperial Joseph; so that the monarch, with his suite, was daily expected. The Prince de Ligne returned the 5th from Ostend, Ghent, Bruges, and Antwerp, where he had been to take a survey of the fortifications, and reviewed the troops in garrison and in private quarters. The augmentations at the city of Antwerp go on very briskly, notwithstanding the late severe weather, which for some days retarded the masonry work from being proceeded on; but they were in want of cannon, which was on the way from different fortresses in Germany, but retarded by the severe weather and bad roads. The troops in Flanders are drawn up, and exercised almost daily. Tents for 60,000 men are arrived at Brussels; part of which are to go to Bruges, and the remainder to other places, as there are to be three grand encampments of the Austrians in the Low Countries. All these are the strongest indications of hostilities, which are more prevented by the season than the negotiation now going on at Paris.

Among other articles of military furniture lately bought up for foreign service, a number of cases, containing cartouch-boxes, belts, &c. were yesterday shipped in the river, on board the British Queen bound to Ostend, for the service of the Emperor. Several cases of muskets are also arrived in town from Sheffield and Birmingham, to be shipped for the continent, for Holland and Flanders, the agents on the part of the Dutch being equally industrious in procuring all those articles, and shipping them off as quick as possible.

Letters from Amsterdam, dated Jan. 7. mention, that the Moravian brethren, in the United Provinces, though remarkable for their peaceable behaviour and purity of manners, have liberally subscribed large sums of money for carrying on the war against the Emperor.

A correspondent who is pretty well informed in continental affairs asserts, that, notwithstanding all the warlike preparations by the Emperor and the French, there will be no Continental war; that the Emperor and French understand one another perfectly well; and that the Emperor's real view is to make his nephew king of the Romans, and himself, without bloodshed, king of the Scheldt.

Captain Guildford is appointed to be Lieutenant-Governor of Jamaica under General Fawcett, newly nominated to the government of that island.

It is reported, that a new coinage of silver will take place at the ensuing meeting of Parliament.

The Chairman and Deputy of the India Company had a conference with Mr Pitt yesterday morning at his house in Downing-street, at which both the Secretaries of State were present. After it broke up, which was about twelve o'clock, the Ministers went to Buckingham-house, where they had an interview with the King, previous to his going to the levee. It has been whispered that the new appointments in India were part of the business on which the above consultation was held; but there are other matters of moment now under consideration, in which Government and the Directors of the Company do not agree; and although they have during the parliamentary vacation, been carried on with such a degree of secrecy, they must of consequence come before the public eye when the two Houses meet for dispatch of business.

If Government will take, as it is said they mean to do, the control of the poor rates, what must be the probable consequences? Why, of the three millions sterling levied, that a very considerable portion would be saved by a led waste and speculation—that another considerable portion might be saved by an amended treatment of each voluntary pauper and sturdy beggar, by abstinence and other penurious accommodations.—Thus, by an economy of both these kinds, at least five or six hundred thousand pounds might be appropriated to the annual revenue, and double that appropriation would virtually accrue to the state from the improved manners, the augmented sobriety and industry of the lower people!

Another idea at the service of the Financier—No person to let lodgings, without a licence, and every licence to be paid for annually.

If every housekeeper thus licensed to let lodgings, was also to be compelled to give in a written account of his lodgers periodically, and at every change of tenants, this object, so managed, would not only add to the finances, but aid the police of the country.

Among the obvious resources of the country, why not fasten the eye, the hand of virtuous policy, on the vast estates so unprofitably possessed by Deans and Chapters. Corporation property might also be appropriated, with much more accomplishment of public purpose, than for the most part under their present expenditure.

It seems to be the opinion of the best informed people, that a very large economy might be made in the army accounts. Seven regiments, nay, some say ten regiments, might well be dispensed with. No reduced, the establishment would be fully equal to every demand from the service.

A general amnesty or pardon has lately been published by the King of France to all deserters from his armies, who shall return to that kingdom in six months; and that term is to be prolonged in favour of those who by the first of next July will not have it in their power to reach France. They will not be obliged to enlist again, or join any regiment. Those who have deserted from one regiment into another, and those who are in custody, or under the different sentences of Court Martial, are to have the benefit of this pardon; so that it is a kind of military jubilee.

Blanchard receives 1000 louis d'ors in consequence of his accomplishing his attempt to cross the Channel in his balloon: This was the promised reward from the French King, who, to say the truth, is never slow to reward ingenuity, although he is cautious in admitting the claims of every pretender.

The first personage in this kingdom, in consequence of the recommendation of the Jury, who tried Captain Mackenzie, has, with that degree of clemency, which has ever marked his character, directed an enquiry to be made into his case by a board of General officers, which met a few days since.—The determination of this very respectable Council is not yet declared; but we hear, it has been made in favour of the prisoner.

In the investigation of the above interesting affair, which deeply concerns not only the Governors, but all officers concerned in military employments abroad, the case of Captain David Cheap was adduced, as strikingly applicable to Mackenzie's situation. Upwards of forty years since, the Wager store-ship, which Cheap commanded, was, after parting from Commodore Anson's squadron, wrecked upon the coast of Patagonia, in the Straits of Magellan. The crew got on shore, and behaved in a very mutinous manner. One of the ringleaders on this occasion was Mr Cozens, a midshipman, who soon after quarrelled with the purser. The latter, suspecting Cozens was about to make some desperate effort, discharged a pistol at him, without effect; Captain Cheap, who was in his tent, suddenly burst forth, and supposing the unfortunate Cozens had fired, instantly seized him by the collar, and shot him in the cheek.—The matter was soon after explained; but Cheap had such an antipathy to the midshipman, from his mutinous character, that he would not suffer the surgeon to extract the ball, and the poor wretch, after languishing fourteen days in extreme misery, expired of a locked jaw. For this deliberate cruelty, Cheap, on his return to England, was never called to account, as his conduct, however rigorous, was thought expedient in the eye of martial law.

The strong similitude between the cases of Cheap and Mackenzie must be obvious to every impartial enquirer. As far as the situations concur, Captain Mackenzie's conduct stands vindicated upon a very powerful precedent; where they vary, the difference is so much in his favour, as to give great additional strength to his justification.

A gentleman in the city has received a letter from Philadelphia, which has the following article:—"I doubt not but before this reaches you, that you will have heard of the dissensions that subsist here; and there is no probability of their ever being an end to them; for we still live without a regular form of government, which is destructive to trade and commerce; for we expect no credit from England, or any other parts, so long as we are in such confusion. The unhappy people who came over here in hopes of making their fortunes, are all made slaves, and therefore I hope not to see any more of my countrymen on this side of the water. The French are watching to take advantage of our dissensions, in order that they may seize on this country, and bring it under their government. The loyalists are still persecuted, and daily removing to some other parts; and I shall return to England as soon as I can settle my affairs."

Few letters arrive from America without informing us of the misery and poverty of the people. Their ports filled with goods, which the vendors are obliged to sell at a low price, or bring them back to Europe; the price of living exceedingly dear, and considerable discontents prevailing; yet the wile heads who preside, are publishing to the world the extreme

happiness which the United States have enjoyed since their separation from Great Britain, and their union with their Christian Ally. The saints of Boston, in particular, rest at an alliance with so strenuous a defender of the Protestant faith.

It is very remarkable, that, in the short space of the last ten months,

TWO informations EX OFFICIO!
THREE informations on rules to show cause!!
TWO indictments for misdemeanors!!!

AND,
FOUR for high treason!!!!

have been filed and preferred against the printer of the Volunteer's Journal in Dublin.

Mr Daly, of the Theatre Royal, Dublin, has made liberal offers of engagement for the summer season in Dublin to Miss Young, Mr Henderson, Mr Kemble, and Mr Pope, who acted Oronoko yesterday evening, at Covent Garden Theatre, and Mr Holman, that they have been willingly embraced, and as soon as these performers can be spared at the London Theatre, they will set out for Ireland.

Mrs Siddons goes only to Edinburgh. Her income supposed to be the same as she enjoyed last year.

Extract of a letter from Frankfurt, Dec. 30.

"A large column of infantry passed Lucerne, which is five miles only to the S. W. of this city, the 27th inst. the consist of 12,000 men, of which 1800 are dismounted Cuirassiers, all bound to the Low Countries, where we expect to hear of some operations, as soon as the weather permits the armies to take the field in those parts."

Extract of a letter from Barbadoes, Oct. 16.

"On Monday last, the inhabitants of part of St Joseph parish, called Crab-Hole, just under Hackleton's Cliff, were alarmed by the appearance of several fissures in the earth, and the sinking of one or two tenements a little below the surface. On Tuesday the cracks increasing, some of them began to prepare for flight, by removing their effects to places of greater safety. On the evening of the same day, Mr Phillips, manager of the plantation formerly belonging to Mr Walcott, but now to the representative of the late Sir William Baker, was informed that the land above him was making extraordinary advances towards the house, which, in a few hours, induced him to quit it, and take shelter, with his family, in one of the negro huts for the remainder of the night; in the course of which, the kitchen and stock-house fell down, and a range of hog-sties adjoining to them sunk into a deep chasm, which was presently filled up by a heap of mould from the ground above them. At day-light next morning the neighbourhood in general took the alarm, and assembling near the spot, were witnesses to a scene affecting and terrible beyond description. The country, from Crab-hole down to the plantation, looked as if it had been torn and shattered by an earthquake. The curing-house was down; part of the mansion was still standing, but flanked by a mound of earth higher than the top of it: the ground was intersected by a number of fissures, and in a great many places swelled and inflated into monstrous tumours.—Between six and seven the remainder of the house came down with a tremendous crash. The mill, boiling-house, and stable had received so many cracks, that every moment appeared to be equally critical with them; though the former stood till about twenty minutes or half an hour after twelve, when the wall went off in two or three immense flakes, and the timbers followed it with such violence, as to bury an arm in the earth up to the neck of the shaft. The wreck was soon universal, and long before the close of day many of the buildings had sunk so low, that no traces of them were, at some distance, discernible. The face of the country had undergone so total a change, that the neighbours were frequently unable to determine where many objects, familiar to their remembrance, had stood before. A large piece of eidos above the house had soon occupied the site of the mansion, and brought with it a long slip of the common road, as entire as if nothing had happened to it. Another slip of eidos, on a chalky soil, with two cocoa-nut trees at the end of it, still appears to have kept its ground, though every thing else had been in motion round it. The cocoa-nut trees which grew about the house have been gradually carried with the mals of ruin some hundred feet, if not yards, from their original situation. The mill itself has gone with the sliding mould, tho' little more than an arm or a piece of the tail-tree is visible at present. The calamity is still extending. A corn-piece to the northward of the building towards the sea (for the motion has been from north to south, with little or no variation) is now the theatre of this surprising spectacle. It has uniformly proceeded towards the sea, which it will, in all probability, reach in a day or two, as it has now got to the foot of an eminence at no great distance from it, the two sides of which go sloping downwards, and form, with the opposite ridges, an easy passage to it.

Extract of a letter from Flushing, Jan. 1.

"The Dutch Company have four ships to sail for the East Indies this season, which are to be conveyed to a certain latitude, by a frigate belonging to the Admiralty of Zealand, on the petition of the Company to that body; this is done on account of the dispute with the Emperor, who is bringing several men of war to his ports in Flanders; we doubt not for particular purposes."

Extract of a letter from Ostend, Jan. 6.

"This day arrived here a fine ship of 38 guns, purchased in the north for the service of the Emperor; she is called the Constance, and has her artillery on board, which is all brass. We have now under this Admiralty eleven men of war, i.e. two of 38 guns, one of 30, four of 26, one of 24, two of 18, and one of 14 guns. There is also building a ship of 28 guns."

THE RUSSIAN ARMY

Is divided into nine different corps, or rather divisions.

The first division is quartered in the governments of Petersburg and Plescow, and is commanded by Field Marshal Comte Rafumowski, who has under his command 1 General, 4 Lieutenant-Generals, and 7 Major-Generals. This division consists of 15 regiments of infantry, and two of cavalry.

The second division is quartered in Little Russia, and is under the command of Field Marshal Comte de Romanzow, who has under him 3 Lieutenant-Generals, and 9 Major-Generals. This division is formed of 6 regiments of foot, and 17 of horse.

The third division is cantoned in the government of Moscow; the Commander in Chief is Field Marshal Comte Tchernichew, who has under him 2 Lieutenant-Generals, and 4 Major-Generals. It consists of 7 regiments of foot, and 3 of horse.

The fourth division is quartered in the government of Ca-tharinoslaw, over which Field Marshal Prince de Potemkin commands, under whom are 5 Lieutenant-Generals, and 11 Major-Generals; it consists of 11 regiments, and 15 battalions of infantry, and 18 regiments of horse. The corps of the government of Caucasus belongs to this division. This corps, consisting of 9 regiments and 5 battalions of infantry, and 7 of cavalry, is under the command of Lieutenant-General Potemkin, who has under him one Lieutenant-General, and 5 Major-Generals.

The first division is quartered in the government of Novogorod, of which General Comte Bruce is Commander in Chief; under whom are 1 Lieutenant-General, and 2 Major-Generals; it is composed of 4 regiments of foot and 2 of horse.

The sixth is cantoned in the governments of Wolodomer and Worrow, under the command of Comte Peter de Soltikow, under whom are 1 Lieutenant-General, and 4 Major-Generals; it consists of 4 regiments of foot, and 4 regiments of horse.

The seventh division is quartered in the government of Smolensko, commanded by General Prince de Repnin, under whom are 1 Lieutenant-General, and 3 Major-Generals; and consists of 4 regiments of foot, and 3 of horse.

The eighth division is cantoned in the government of Tambow, and is under the command of General Baron Elms, under whom are 1 Lieutenant-General, and 2 Major-Generals; it is composed of 4 regiments of foot, and 2 of horse.

The ninth division is quartered in White Russia, and is under the command of Comte Moufin Pouchkin, who has under him 1 Lieutenant-General, and 3 Major-Generals; and consists of 4 regiments of foot, and 2 of horse.

The corps of Orenbourg, cantoned in the government of the same name, is under the command of Major-General Filizow; it is composed of 2 battalions of infantry, and 5 of horse.

The corps of Siberia, consisting of two battalions of infantry and a regiment of horse, is under the command of Lieutenant-General D'Agarew.

In this list of troops are not included the regiments of guards and of artillery; the garrison battalions, the marines, and the corps of cadets. The Russian army, therefore, is composed of eighty regiments of foot and sixty-two of horse. The militia is incorporated in the different corps.

An authentic account of the military forces of the Emperor.

	No. of Men.
Two regiments in garrison at Vienna,	7218
Eighteen ditto garrisoned in the frontiers,	61,476
Fifty-seven ditto of infantry, each of 18 companies, or 4093 men,	233,301
Two ditto of carabineers, 1470 men each,	2940
Ten ditto of cuirassiers, 1062 men each,	10,620
Five ditto of dragons, 1236 men each,	6180
Arberg's regiment of ditto,	1062
Six regiments of light horse, 1236 each,	7416
Eight regiments of hussars, each of eight squadrons, or 1640 men,	13,120
Five other regiments of hussars, including Slavonians,	4873
The corps-de-reserve of horse,	4694
The garrison regiment <i>des Pays Bas</i> , or Low Countries,	806
Two companies of infantry at Philipsbourg,	401
The guards of the Crown (of Hungary) two companies,	242
Three regiments of artillery, each of 16 companies, or 2135 regiments,	7245
The Master-General of the artillery's guard,	252
The artillery in forts and garrisons,	1274
Four companies of miners,	497
Three companies of ditto,	173
The battalion of the corps of pontooniers,	416
Total of men,	364,205

The regiment of Walloons (infantry) have, in time of war, the same number of men with the German regiments of foot, several of which consist of 20 companies each; also several regiments of hussars consisting of five divisions, or ten companies each.

PRICE OF STOCKS, JAN. 15.	
Bank Stock, —	Ditto New Ann. shut.
5 per cent. Stock, shut, 27 ex div.	Ditto 1777, shut.
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, 71 1/2	India Stock, shut.
3 per cent. con. shut, 34 1/2 ex div.	3 per cent. Ann.
1 per cent. red. 55 1/2	India Bonds, paid.
3 per cent. 1726, —	Ditto unpaid, 1 disc.
Long Ann. shut, 16 1/2 a 12-16ths ex div.	Exchange Bills,
Short Ann. 1778, shut, 11 1/2 a 12 ex div.	Navy Bills,
South Sea Stock, —	3 per cent. Scrip.
3 per cent. Old Ann. —	4 per cent. Scrip.
	Omnia,
	Prices,

WIND AT DEAF, JAN. 14. E.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Jan. 15.

"No public question, perhaps, ever promised a more ample discussion, or greater variety of opinion, than that to be brought forward for a Parliamentary Reform. Men of all descriptions, with a very few exceptions, indeed, think that the representation of the people in the Commons House of Parliament should be more fair and equal, but in what particular mode, is not so generally agreed on. Neither the whole of the Administration, nor the Opposition, agree either as to the necessity of a Reform, or the manner in which it is to be brought about. That some regulations should be made, is most surely the case, if it were only that the metropolis of England, the cities of London and Westminster, computed to consist of one eighth part of the people, and who pay one fifth of the land-tax, and a full third to all other taxes, send no more than eight members to Parliament. Amongst those who will in all probability oppose the Reform in the House of Lords, Lord Camelford (late Mr T. Pitt) is expected to take a very active part. In the year 1782, when the present Minister (Mr W. Pitt) his relation, moved for a Committee to consider of a Parliamentary Reform, the noble Lord opposed it, contending, "that the members of the House of Commons, however variously elected, stand individually and collectively the representatives of all the subjects under the British dominions; and that, if they answer the just purpose of defending the people at large from the encroachment of power, and the increasing influence of the Crown; if they hold the purses of the people, as faithful guardians; if they preserve the

laws of the country from violation, they answer every purpose of their intention; whatever irregularities a speculator may think he discovers in the constitution: for that country enjoys the benefit of civil liberty, where the laws of the land hold an equal course to all, not where all are equally represented." The late Lord Advocate of Scotland declared himself an enemy to the motion, from a certainty that it could produce no good. The constitution, he said, had existed for ages past, and required no alteration.

"There is no foundation whatever for the reports so industriously circulated in the ministerial prints of a decrease of Mr Fox's friends, or the departure of Lord North for the continent, it being well known, that the noble Lord means to attend his duty in Parliament, and that Mr Fox's friends form as numerous and respectable a party as ever.

"General Fawcett, lately appointed Governor of Jamaica, owes his situation, it is said, wholly to the unsolicited favour of his Royal Master, as a token of his approbation of his services in Germany during the late war.

"Mr Atkinson, who received judgment last term, to suffer twelve months imprisonment, and stand in the pillory, for perjury committed respecting the prices of corn served by him as corn-factor to the Victualling Office, is to suffer the latter part of his sentence in Mark-Lane, near the Corn Market, the first Friday in May. Ten thousand pounds have been offered to a certain quarter to get this part of the judgment remitted, but without the desired effect.

"Nothing fresh has transpired respecting the differences between the Emperor and the States of Holland."

William Mercer, Esq; Sheriff-substitute of Perthshire, died at his house at Potterhill, near Perth, last Sunday. His friends will please accept of this notification of his death.

We are happy to have it in our power to contradict a paragraph which appeared in our paper of Monday last, copied from a London paper, mentioning that Lord Mansfield was so ill that his life was despaired of. A gentleman in this city received a letter from his Lordship, dated so late as the 14th current, and written with his own hand, at which time his Lordship was in perfect good health; a circumstance which must give the highest satisfaction to his numerous friends, and to the public in general.

Yesterday, being observed as her Majesty's birth-day, the great guns were fired from the Castle: The same was observed as a holiday at the Banks and public offices, and the evening concluded with a brilliant assembly.

On Monday last, in consequence of the thaw, a large sheet of ice having broke loose at Clyde Bains, two young men went upon it with hay forks to float it down the river; but soon after finding themselves in danger, one of them, in attempting to jump to the river side, fell in, and was drowned: The other was with difficulty saved by boats going out to his assistance. — In searching for the corpse, which we hear, is not yet found, they got the body of the young woman, who, about two months ago, fell into the Clyde at Finnilton when dipping her pichers in the river for water, and had it decently interred.

On Friday night last, three young sharpers went into a shop in the Saltmarket, Glasgow, and requested change for a dollar, which was granted on condition of taking a shilling of halfpence; but upon receiving the 3 s. 6 d. of silver, and while the shopkeeper was telling out the halfpence, they ran off with the silver. — We hear several tricks of the same nature were played off with equal success upon some shopkeepers in said street.

Extract of a letter from Aberdeen, a few days ago, aged 103 years.

"On Friday last, Elphinstone Reid was executed in the market place here for house-breaking and theft."

NOMINAL AND FICTITIOUS VOTES.

To the Printer of the Caledonian Mercury.

S I R,

ALLOW me, by the channel of your Paper, to suggest to the Gentlemen of the Committees from the counties of Scotland, impatient of the grievance of nominal and fictitious votes, that now is the time to call a meeting, by public advertisement, that they may in a calm but firm manner, make application for redress, both to Parliament and to the Minister, of whose honest zeal for a Reform it would be dangerous to entertain a doubt, after his declaration announced by the Chairman of the Yorkshire Association.

Our demand, so far as respects the abolition of those shadows which annihilate the influence of real Freeholders, is plain and simple. — Let us only be steady, and perseverance will insure us success.

Edin. Jan. 18. 1785.

JAMES BOSWELL.

ARRIVED AT LEITH, Jan. 18. Busick, Seymour, from Lynn, with grain; Good Intent, Walker, from ditto, with ditto; Sea Nymph, Jerry, from Wales, with ditto; Nelly, Primrose, from Hull, with timber; Fancy, Andrew, from Lynn, with grain; Philip, Bramstead, from ditto, with ditto; Ann, Lockart, from London, with goods — 19. Dispatch, Tryer, from Wales, with grain; Elizabeth and Margaret, Thomson, from Alloa, with whisky, &c.

To be SOLD by private Sale.

A VERY Fine Mahogany Bedstead, six one half, by six feet, mounted with Crimson Moresen Curtains, and hung on Drapery; Sets of Prints by Hogarth, elegantly framed and glazed; four gilt Looking Glasses; five Crimson Moresen Window Curtains, large; sixteen Mahogany Chairs, with Crimson Moresen Bottoms.

People wanting any of the above particulars, will see the same, by calling at Buccleugh street, first door in the stair above the arch. The Sale will be finished in a few days.

ALEXANDER GORDON, Esq.

Steward-depute of Kirkcubright.

DESIRES the Justices of the Peace, Commissioners of Supply, and Heritors of the county, to meet at Kirkcubright, upon Friday the 11th day of February next, in order to take under consideration,

1st. — A plan for better provision of our native and industrious poor, and for relieving vagabonds.

2d. — The bill proposed to be brought into Parliament for allowing tenants to commute with their landlords for personal services.

3d. — The bill for enlarging the salaries and emoluments of school-masters.

4th. — A bill for allowing proprietors of land to purchase the rights of attraction, culture and mill services, presently payable to heritors of mills at an adequate valuation. — And

5th. — The former resolutions of the county respecting Freehold Qualifications.

By order of the Stewart-depute,

WILLIAM GORDON, Clerk.

NOTICE

To the CRITICISMS of ARCHIBALD ROBERTSON of Bedlay. THE Creditors of Mr ROBERTSON, or their Agents, are desired to meet within the Exchange Coffee-house, To-morrow the 20th of January current, at one o'clock afternoon, to consider of matters of importance.

SALE of a HOUSE in Brown's Square.

TO be SOLD, by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffee-house of Edinburgh, on Friday the 28th day of January, 1785, at one o'clock afternoon.

That HOUSE in Brown's Square, Edinburgh, belonging to Mr Sinclair of Fifehead, with the area in the front thereof. — The House consists of the following particulars:

GROUND STOREY.

A large kitchen well lighted, house-keeper's room, servants hall, pantry, wine-cellar with cisterns, coal-house, water-pipe, a closet at the foot of the stair leading from the kitchen-door, office-houses, and other conveniences.

FIRST FLOOR.

A large dining-room, a convenient butler's press in the lobby, 2 large back parlour & 4 closets.

SECOND FLOOR.

A large drawing-room, 32 feet long, 21 feet broad, and 15 feet high, with a large back drawing-room.

THIRD FLOOR.

Three large bed-rooms, dressing-room, and three closets. A convenient closet on the top of the stair, same floor, with the bed-rooms.

Three large garrets, all with fire-places.

The house to be entered to at Whit Sunday first, and may be seen every Tuesday and Friday, from twelve to two o'clock.

The articles of roup, with the title-deeds to be seen in the hands of Alexander Mackenzie, writer to the signet.

SALE of CARNTYNE

ADJOURNED.

THE sale of the Lands of CARNTYNE and others, lying in the neighbourhood of Glasgow, with the coal under the said lands, formerly advertised to be held upon the 17th day of January current, is ADJOURNED to Tuesday the 11th day of February next, when the said lands, with the coal, are, by the authority of the Lords of Council and Session, to be exposed to public roup and sale, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, betwixt the hours of four and eight o'clock afternoon.

The articles of roup, with the rental of the lands, are to be seen in the office of Mr John Callender, depute-clerk of Session; and for further information purchasers may apply to Robert Trotter writer to the signet, or to Thomas Buchanan writer in Glasgow, factor on the estate.

Lands in the Stewartry of Kirkcubright.

TO be SOLD, within the King's Arms Inn, DUMFRIES, on Wednesday the 26th day of January 1785, between the hours of six and seven afternoon.

The estate of CORSOCK, in the parish of Parton, and Stewartry of Kirkcubright, consisting of upwards of two thousand three hundred acres, with the Superiority of the Lands of Craichie.

The Estate holds of the Crown, and affords a freehold qualification in the Stewartry of Kirkcubright, and is rented at 2211 5 s. Sterling.

If the Estate does not sell in cumulo, it will be disposed in the following lots.

LOT I. Marshoul, Upper and Nether Auchinveys, rented at 4 s. 10 d.

LOT II. Blackbarvic, as possessed by Samuel Douglas, rented at 29 s. 10 d.

LOT III. Ironmaddock, as possessed by John Inch, rented at 33 s. 10 d.

LOT IV. The Mains of Corsock, comprehending the Lands called the Loch of Corsock, with the Mill, Mill lands, Miltures, and Sequels; and the Superiority of this lot, and of lots 1st, 2d, and 3d, and the lands of Craichie, rented at 163 s. 15 s.

On lot 4th is the mansion-house of Corsock, lying on the water of Urr, and a thriving wood fit for cutting, valued at 500 l. The lands in this lot are all well inclosed, and subdivided with sufficient stone dykes, and are very improveable. The Loch of Corsock, consisting of twenty-one acres, may be drained at a small expence, and converted into good arable and meadow land; and there are appearances of marble in the loch, which will be a fund of improvement to the whole estate.

The tenants are valued, and a decret of sale obtained, which will be conveyed to the purchaser.

Lots 1st, 2d, and 3d, are sold separately, the purchaser will hold feu of the purchaser of lot 4th, for payment of one shilling of feu-duty yearly, with a duplication at the entry of each heir, or singular successor.

If lot 1st does not sell in cumulo, it will, if purchasers incline, be sold in three parcels, viz.

Parcel 1st, Marshoul, rented at 4 s. 10 d.

Parcel 2d, Upper Auchinveys, rented at 29 s. 10 d.

Parcel 3d, Nether Auchinveys, rented at 33 s. 10 d.

To be held feu as above, of the purchaser of lot 4th.

The whole of the lands will be sold out of lease at Whit Sunday 1785; and being let when the prices of cattle were very low, a considerable rise may be expected.

The progress of writs, conditions of sale, plan, and measurement of the lands, to be seen in the hands of William Campbell writer to the signet, to whom persons inclining to purchase may apply for further information.

Patrick McGeorge at Mains of Corsock, will show the lands.

A considerable part of the price will fall to be retained by the purchaser of the estate, if sold in cumulo, or with the purchaser of lot 4th, if sold separately.

In the Counties of Ayr and Kirkcubright.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

TO be exposed to public roup, under authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament-house, Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 27th of January 1785, between the hours of four and seven afternoon;

(UPSET PRICES REDUCED)

The Parts of the Lands and Estate still remaining unsold, which belonged to the deceased JAMES M'HARG of Keirs,

in the following Lots, viz.

LOT I. — The Lands of CHANG and CAIRN, lying in the parish of Barr andshire of Ayr; the proven gross yearly rent whereof is

L. 98 3 s. 6-12ths

From which there falls to be deducted, for the

teinds, one-fifth part of the gross rent, being

L. 19 12 7 8-12ths

Schoolmaster's salary, 0 4 7 6-12ths

19 17 3 2-12ths

Free yearly rent, L. 78 5 11 4-12ths

The proven value whereof, at twenty-three years purchase, is 1870 l.

16 s. 8 d. 9-12ths, which is now reduced, by authority of the Court to the upset-price of 1500 l.

The lands are of considerable extent; they have never been measured, but are supposed to contain at least 2000 acres; the greater part of them is best adapted to pasture, particularly for sheep, but the arable land is also considerable.

There is the greatest reason to believe that these lands contain very valuable mines of LEAD, trial having been made, and some are turned out.

They are held blench of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to vote for a member of Parliament for the county.

The teinds of the above lands are valued along with the lands of Keirs, which also belonged to the said James M'Harg (now sold), and are possessed under tack from the Deans of the Chapel Royal for nineteen years after Whit Sunday 1780, for payment of a proportionable part of 1 s. 8 d. of tack-duty.

LOT II. — The SURPLUS RENTS payable out of Lands in Galloway, let in tack by the Earl of Galloway to Mr M'Harg, and sublet by him; the principal tack whereof is still current for four years after Whit Sunday 1784. The free surplus rent arising from the sublet 100 l. and the proven value whereof is L. 320, which is now reduced, by authority of the Court, to the upset price of L. 300.

The title-deeds, rentals, and articles of roup, may be seen in the office of Mr John Callender, depute clerk of Session; and for further information application may be made to Andrew Blane, writer to the signet, agent in the sale.

A WOOD to be SOLD.
To be sold by roup, at Dollar, on Tuesday the 15th day of February next, between the hours of twelve mid-day and one afternoon, the **WOOD of CASTLE CAMPBELL**, consisting of Oak, Ash, Birch, Sycamore, and Alder, and most conveniently situated for markets, being within three miles of the harbours of Alloa and Kincardine, to either of which places it may be easily transported by good roads. The wood will be shown by the ground-officer at Dollar; and the articles and conditions of sale are to be seen in the hands of James Beaton of Mawhill, near Kinnaird.

Judicial Sale—By Adjournment.

Upset price still further Reduced.

To be SOLD by authority of the Court of Session, upon the 15th day of January 1785, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon, within the Parliament house.

The remaining LOT of the BARONY of PITTENCRIEFFE and others, consisting of the whole Coaleries and Ironstone under the contiguous lands of Lufcar, Chune, and Rosebank: And also, the Coals under the adjoining lands of Wester Baldrige, and under about 93 acres of the lands of Blackburn of Pittencrieffe, (lately sold to Mr Hogg) with all privileges thereto belonging; but with sundry exceptions and restrictions, as are all more particularly described in former advertisements, and in the articles of sale; together with a feu of the farm of Wester Rosyth, and harbour of Brucehaven: And also the tacks of the lands of Windydale, and minister of Inverkeithing's glebe during his incumbency, which are adjoining to Wester Rosyth.

The proven value of this lot, and at which it was formerly exposed, including the coals in other parts of the lands of Pittencrieffe, which were lately valued and sold at 600 l. was L. 6522 18 10

And is now to be set up without these coals, sold with Pittencrieffe, at the reduced price of 4200 0 0

These coaleries are known to contain inexhaustible quantities of different kinds of coal of the best qualities.—They can be wrought for the most part by a level, which has been carried up at a very great expence, and can have a convenient way made for transporting them to sea.—There is 18 feet water at ordinary spring tides in the harbour of Brucehaven, and the depth may be increased by extending the pier, which has stone quarries just by it.

The title-deeds, with the articles and conditions of sale, will be seen in the hands of Mess. John Callender, depute-clerk of session, and William Anderson, clerk to the signet; and Adam Paterson, at Pittencrieffe, will show the premises.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

Judicial SALE of the Estate of CATHLAW.

To be SOLD, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 25th January 1785, between the hours of four and six afternoon.

The Lands and Estate of CATHLAW, lying within the parish of Torphichen, and shire of Linlithgow.

The proven yearly rent of these Lands is L. 161 19 0

And deducting the feu and teind-duty, minister's stipend, and schoolmaster's salary, which amount to 2 6 10 4-12ths

There remains of free rent, L. 159 12 1 8-12ths
Which valued at 22 years purchase, being held of a subject superior, amounts to L. 3511 7 0 8-12ths

There is a commodious mansion-house upon the estate, with good office-houses, all in good repair.

The lands are mostly inclosed with thriving hedges, and stripes of planting. There are besides several other thriving plantations upon the estate.

The title-deeds, and articles and conditions of sale, may be seen in the hands of Mr John Callender, depute-clerk of Session; and further information will be got by applying to Francis and John Anderson, writers to the signet.

LANDS AND SUPERIORITIES IN DUMFRIES-SHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 27th day of January, 1785, the LANDS and SUPERIORITIES after mentioned in the following lots, viz.

LOT I. The lands of the Twenty Merk Land of Middlebie, lying in the parish of Middlebie, and shire of Dumfries, as presently possessed by Thomas Carruthers, John Bell, and Francis Scott, and two cottars; and the lands of Whitehill, as presently possessed by Thomas Blacklock.

These lands are holden blench of a subject superior, and pay cels for a valuation of 129 merks. The stipend payable out of them is 1 l. 18 s. 3 d. The tenants pay all public burdens, excepting 1 l. 4 s. 4 d. of the stipend; and the free yearly rent of the lands is 92 l. 8 s. 10 d. sterling, besides 26 kain hens, and 52 chickens.

The lands are all under leas, which do not expire for several years. They are well inclosed and subdivided with very good hedges, and there are convenient farm steadings upon them. These lands are of considerable extent, and very improvable, and there is a good Lime Quarry just in the neighbourhood. They lie upon the great road from Glasgow to Carlisle by Moffat, within two miles of the village of Ecclefechan, and six miles of the sea port town of Annan, at both which places there are frequent and good markets.

These lands will be exposed at 1850 l. sterling, being less than 20 years purchase of the free rent and casualties.

N. B. These lands will be sold either together in one lot, or if purchasers incline, will be divided into two lots, as follows.

1st, The lands of Middlebie town, Middlebiehill and park, and Balgreen, rented at 68 l. 13 s. 2 d. besides casualties: To be exposed at 1350 l.

2d, The lands of Whitehill, rented at 25 l. besides casualties: To be exposed at 500 l. The valuation and stipend of these two parcels are divided.

LOT II. The lands of Muirhead, (part of the common of Bengal, lately divided) possessed by John Little, upon a lease which is current till Candlemas 1798, at the rent of 12 l. These lands are free of all public burdens, and are holden blench of a subject superior. They lie contiguous to the great road above mentioned, adjoining to the village of Lokerbie, within the parish of Drysdale, and shire of Dumfries. The lands are well inclosed, and very improvable, and there are houses upon them. These lands will be exposed at 250 l. being little more than 20 years purchase.

LOT III. The Superiority of All and Whole the Five Pound lands of Moat of old extent, lying within the territory of the burgh of Dumfries. There are feu duties payable out of these lands by vassals already entered with the superiority, to the amount of 82 s. merks per annum, and several of the vassals already entered hold considerable parcels of their lands blench. There are a number of other vassals, who hold part of the lands of Moat by feu and blench tenures, who have not yet taken entries from the superiority, but are liable to enter with him. The compositions payable for the entry of the vassals who hold blench, and of several of those who hold their lands in feu farm, are very considerable, as the lands from their vicinity to the town of Dumfries, and being highly cultivated yield very high rents. This lot will be for the encouragement of officers exposed at the upset price of 150 l.

LOT IV. The Superiority of the Five Pound lands of Windchills, lying within the united parishes of Clovenstone and Dalgarno, and shire of Dumfries. This superiority has annexed to it a feu duty of 5 l. 10 s. yearly, payable by the vassals, and affords a freehold qualification in the county, the old extent, being instructed by a retour prior to the year 1681. A charter of the lands under the Great Seal is ready expedite, and will be conveyed to the purchaser, upon which he may be infeft immediately. This lot will be exposed at 250 l.

The rentals of the lands, title-deeds, and articles of sale, are to be seen in the hands of William Campbell, writer to the signet, to whom any person desiring any further information, may apply.

JUDICIAL SALE OF THE LANDS OF PITACREE,

Lying in the parish of Logierail, and shire of Perth.

BY ADJOURNMENT—AND UPSET PRICE REDUCED.

To be SOLD, within the Parliament or New Session house of Edinburgh, on Thursday the 20th day of January 1785, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon.

The Lands of PITACREE, with the valuable WOODS, Mansion-house, and others thereto belonging, lately pertaining to Lord John Murray. The proven value and former upset price whereof was 5770 l. 4 s. 3 d. 2-12ths; but the upset price is now reduced to 5000 l. sterling. These lands of Pitacree are known to be most pleasantly situated, they hold blench of the Crown and entitle to a freehold qualification; and the woods thereon must now be greatly increased in their value, the proof of their value having been taken in the 1773.

The articles of roup, and title-deeds, to be seen in the hands of John Callender, depute-clerk of session, and John Fraser writer to the signet.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

JUDICIAL SALE.

To be SOLD, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 15th of January 1785, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon.

The remaining Part of the Lands and Estate which belonged to WILLIAM MACFARLANE of Macfarlane, and JOHN MACFARLANE his eldest son. in the following lots, viz.

LOT I.—The Lands of BURNHOUSE, lying in the parish of Eccles and shire of Berwick.

The free proven rental of these lands, after all deductions, is 68 l. 5 s.

The proven value of this lot, at twenty-two years purchase of the free rent, is 1501 l. 10 s. Which is to be the upset price.

The lands are held of a subject superior.

LOT II.—The Lands of BAITLAWS and HUNTFIELD, lying in the parish of Libberton and shire of Lanark.

The free proven rental of these lands, after deducting one-fifth of the rent of Baitlaws, to the tenants of which there is no right, amounts to 71 l. 3 s. 10 d. 8-12ths.

The proven value of the lands, at twenty-two years purchase of free rent, is L. 1566 5 6 8-12ths

The free teind of Baitlaws is 7 l. 14 s. 8 d. which at the proven value of five years purchase, is 38 13 4

Upset price of Lot II. L. 1604 18 10 8-12ths

The lands are held of a subject superior. There is a good mansion-house, with commodious office-houses upon the lands of Huntfield.

The articles of sale and title deeds of the different lands may be seen at the office of Mr Bruce, depute-clerk of Session. Copies of the proven rental may be got from Francis and John Anderson, writers to the Signet; to whom, or to William Macwan writer in Edinburgh, persons wishing to be informed of farther particulars may apply.

JUDICIAL SALE

Of Lands in the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

To be SOLD by public roup, by authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 26th of January, 1785, between the hours of four and seven afternoon.

The LANDS and ESTATE which belonged to the deceased Colonel PATRICK GORDON, of King'sgrange, either together or in the lots following:

LOT I. The Lands of GRANGE and Superiority of the Lands of WARDMEADOW, lying in the parish of Urr, and stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

The free proven rental of the lands of Grange, after all deductions, is 164 l. 4 s. 6 d. 6-12ths.

Add the upset price, being 23 years purchase of that rental, and a year's rent of the lands of Wardmeadow, as the value of the superiority, is 3785 l. 16 s. 1 d. 2-12ths.

For II. The Property of the said Lands of Wardmeadow, lying in the parish and stewartry forefald.

The free rent of these lands is estimated at 8 l. 11 s. 11 d. 6-12ths.

And the upset price, being 22 years purchase of that rental, is 189 l. 3 s. 1 d.

LOT III. The lands of NETHER KILQUAHANNIDY, lying in the parish of Kirkpatrick-Durham, and stewartry forefald.

The free proven rental of these lands, after all deductions, is 129 l. 5 s.

And the upset price, being 23 years purchase of that rental, is 2965 l. 2 s. 11 d. 10-12ths.

LOT IV. The Lands of MARLEMOUNT and HOLEHOUSE, lying in the parish of Kirkpatrick-Durham, and stewartry forefald.

The free proven rental of these lands, is 45 l. 2 s. 2 d. 8-12ths.

And the upset price, being 22 years purchase of that rental, is 992 l. 8 s. 10 d. 8-12ths.

The lands of Grange and Wardmeadow, and lands of Nether Kilquahannidy hold of the Crown, and each lot affords a freehold qualification.—Grange and Wardmeadow upon the valuation, and Nether Kilquahannidy upon the old extent. The lands of Marlemount and Holehouse hold feu of a subject superior, for payment of 4 s. 2 d. sterling; which is deducted in fixing the judicial rental. The proprietor has right to the teinds of the whole lands.

This estate consists mostly of a dry kindly soil, and although a good deal has been done in the way of inclosing, planting, &c. it is still capable of great improvement. There is a mansion-house upon lot III, which is pleasantly situated near the river Urr, within a mile of the great military road leading from Carlisle by Dumfries to Portpatrick; within twelve miles from Dumfries, and about the same distance from Kirkcudbright, and within five miles or thereby of the port called Dub of Haff, which is a convenient harbour for vessels of a considerable burden, at which grain may be conveniently shipped, and lime imported from the English coast at a very moderate expence, there being an excellent road between the estate of King'sgrange and the Dub of Haff.

The articles of roup, &c. are to be seen in the office of Mr Alexander Stevenson, one of the depute clerks of session, and persons desirous of further information, may apply to John Tait, jun. writer to the signet, Edinburgh, agent in the sale, or John Clark, jun. writer in Dumfries, either of whom will show the proven and present rentals.

PRICE REDUCED.

SALE of an ESTATE in ARGYLSHIRE,

Including the celebrated Island of STAFFA.

To be SOLD, by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 3d day of March 1785, betwixt the hours of five and six o'clock afternoon.

The Lands and Estates of ULVA and ORMAIG, comprehending, among others, the celebrated Island of STAFFA, and a considerable tract of country along the sea-coast, being very extensive and improvable, having all the materials for that purpose on the estate, and water carriage.

The sea-coast of this estate abounds in fish of all kinds, and the mairs are stored with a variety of game. The yearly free rent, after deduction of minister's stipend, and a small feu-duty payable to the Duke of Argyll, the superior, is 478 l. sterling, exclusive of the produce of the kelp shores, presently enjoyed by the tenants, which yield annually about 50 tons of that valuable commodity, and may of itself much increase the rental upon proper leases, the whole lands being just now out of lease, except the farm of Laggan Ulva, rented at 13 l. 6 s. 8 d. sterling.

In order to encourage purchasers, the whole subjects are now to be exposed at the reduced price of 8000 l. sterling.

The articles of sale, and progress of writs, with a judicial rental, are to be seen in the hands of William Macdonald writer to the signet, Edinburgh; and copies of the rental with John Macneil writer in Inveraray; to either of whom application may be made for further particulars, or a private bargain, previous to the day of sale.

LANDS in the County of Perth

TO BE SOLD—BY ADJOURNMENT.

And by order of a Meeting of the Creditors held here this day January 17, 1785.

To be exposed to SALE by public roup, under authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 15th day of January 1785, betwixt the hours of four and eight in the afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills, at a reduced price.

The LANDS and ESTATE of KILGRASTOWN, which pertained to the deceased John Craigie of Kilgrastown, lying in the parishes of Dumbarnie, Dron, and Abernethy, and shire of Perth.

These lands consist of 1754 acres 1 rood 32 falls, all conveniently situated, in a fine rich country, within a few miles of the town of Perth.—The north part of the estate is most pleasantly bounded by the river of Earn, and a great part of it has been beautifully laid out in different inclosures, and in a variety of valuable woods and plantations, which are all in a very thriving condition. The mansion-house, with a very neat set of office-houses, lately built upon the premises, lie about a quarter of a mile well from the Bridge of Earn.

The yearly proven rent of the estate, after deduction of the feu-duty, public burdens, and the valued teind of such parts of the estate as lie in the parishes of Dron and Dumbarnie, out of which last the stipends to the ministers of Dron and Dumbarnie fall to be paid, is 1273 l. 14 s. 8 d. 11-12ths; and the whole lands, exclusive of those that hold of subject, stand rated in the cess books at about 2000 l. Scots. The proof of the rental was led in January 1781, since which the rent has increased a good deal, and in letting the lands, the greatest attention has been paid to the interest of whoever shall become purchasers.

If this estate does not sell in whole, it will be exposed in the following Lots, viz.

LOT I. The Lands of KILGRASTOWN, whereon the Mansion-house and offices stand, and part of the Lands of KINTULLO, lying within the parish of Dumbarnie, and upon the west side of the turnpike road leading from Perth to Kinnaird, pleasantly situated along the south side of the water of Earn, immediately to the west of the Bridge of Earn; and are all inclosed and subdivided. The tenants' houses are in good order, the soil is of a rich quality, and the grounds are in excellent good condition. This part of the estate consists of 574 acres, 3 roods, 17 falls, part whereof is agreeably laid out in woods and plantations which are in a healthy and thriving condition.

The free rent of these lands, after deducting public burdens, is 668 l. 10 s. 8 d. 8-12ths.

LOT II. That Part of the Lands of KINTULLO, BROOMSTOBS, CLAYTON, and others, with the Salmon Fishing upon the water of Earn, lying in the parish of Dumbarnie, and upon the east side of the turnpike-road leading from Perth to Kinnaird. These lands consist of 394 acres, 2 roods, 34 falls, and lie pleasantly along the south side of the water of Earn, immediately to the east of the Bridge of Earn, and are all inclosed and subdivided. The tenants' houses are all in good condition; and the soil is of a rich quality. Part of these lands is also beautifully laid out in woods, and plantations, which are in a very thriving condition.

The free rent of this lot, after deducting public burdens is 336 l. 8 s. 11 d. 10-12ths.

LOT III. The Lands of KIRKPOTTEE, MEIKLEFIELDIE, and CLOCHRIDGESTONE, lying contiguous, within the parish of Dron, and consisting of 676 acres, 1 rood, 36 falls.—264 acres, 3 roods, 9 falls whereof, have been planted in the view of building a mansion-house upon this part of the estate. These plantations are in high order.

The free rent of this lot, after deducting public burdens, is 248 l. 15 s. 5 d. 11-12ths.

LOT IV. The Lands of HALTOWN with the fishing of Cordon upon the water of Earn, lying within the parish of Abernethy, and in the neighbourhood of the lands of Kirkpottee, &c. above-mentioned. This lot consists of 61 acres, 2 roods, 2 falls, and holds of a subject superior. The free rent, after deducting public burdens, is 61 l. 19 s. 7 d.

These two lots last mentioned are situated within four miles of the town of Perth, and two miles of the bridge of Earn.

The upset price of these lands, both in whole, and in lots, will be mentioned in a future advertisement. Intending purchasers will in the mean time please be informed, that at a general meeting of Mr Craigie's Creditors, held here on the 23d ultimo, it was agreed upon, that the lands should be exposed at twenty-two years purchase, exclusive of the value of the woods; and directed the proper application to be made to the Court of Session, for liberty to expose the lands at that rate. This application will accordingly be made soon after the Court meets after the Christmas holidays; it is therefore expected these lands will be exposed at 22 years purchase.

The woods have been valued as follows, viz.

Those on Lot I. at	L. 430 12 6
Lot II. at	480 8 0
Lot III. at	1334 0 0
	2245 1 6

The articles of roup are to be seen in the office of Mr John Callender depute clerk of Session; and the progress of writs, rentals and plans of the estate, with the valuation of the woods, will be shown by William Lumkline clerk to the signet, who will inform as to other particulars.

John Rutherford jun. writer in Perth, the present factor, will also show rentals of the estate, and William Chalmers at Kilgrastown, will show the grounds.

FOR COUGHS, HOARSENESSES, &c.

PECTORAL LOZENGES OF TOLU,

Prepared and sold by T. GREENOUGH, Chymist and Apothecary, at No. 10. on Ludgate Hill, London.

Price, 1 s. the Box.
THESE LOZENGES contain all the softening and healing Virtues of the celebrated BALSAM OF TOLU; and are the pleasantest and most effectual remedy of the kind in all Coughs, Hoarsenesses, sore Throats, and Inflammations on the Lungs, healing the Rawness and Soreness of the breast, promoting the Expectoration of the Tough Phlegm, and affording great relief in Asthmatic Complaints and Shortness of Breath. They are likewise very beneficial in Consumptions, are not cloying to the stomach, but rather create an appetite.

The great esteem these Lozenges have acquired, having induced several persons to attempt the selling a counterfeit sort, against two of whom, viz. one a Chymist on Ludgate Hill, and the other a Chymist in Oxford Street, verdicts have been obtained, in the Court of King's Bench, with considerable damages. The Public are requested to observe, that none are genuine but what have the following inscription on the Lid of the Box: PECTORAL LOZENGES FROM BALSAM OF TOLU, prepared by T. GREENOUGH, Chymist and Apothecary, No. 10. on Ludgate Hill, LONDON.

These LOZENGES are also sold by appointment of the Proprietor, by HUSBAND, ELDER, and CO. opposite the Tron Church, Edinburgh.

Published by Authority of the King's Patent, Mr GREENOUGH'S TINCTURES for the TEETH, SCURVY in the GUMS, and TOOTHACHE; which have been for more than thirty years past in the most universal esteem, on account of their real Efficacy, Elegance, and Safety. The particular effects they may be depended on to produce, are as follow, viz.

The Tincture for the Teeth and Gums takes off all Scales and Foulness from the Teeth, and renders them beautifully white, without the least injuring the Enamel; perfectly fastens such as are loose, prevent their decaying, and entirely cures the Scurvy, and all other disorders in the Gums, rendering the Breath at the same time delicately sweet.

The Tincture for the Toothach never fails giving immediate ease, even in the greatest agony of pain, and in a little time perfectly cures it, however violent. Price, 1 s. each.

Each Bottle of the genuine Tinctures have a label on the side, with the words (PREPARED BY THOMAS GREENOUGH) for which only he can be answerable, all others, even though sold under his name, being spurious.